# INDIAN SCHOOL SOHAR <br> SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT1- 2013-14 <br> MATHEMATICS 

Date: 19/092013
Class: VIII

Marks: 60
Time: 2 hours

## SECTION-A

## (Each question carries 1 mark)

To fill up the blanks choose the most suitable answers from the options given.

1. i) The number $\qquad$ is the identity of multiplication of rational numbers.
a) 0
b) 1
c) 2
d) -1
ii) The additive inverse of $\frac{7}{10}$ is $\qquad$ .
a) $\frac{10}{7}$
b) $\frac{-10}{7}$
c) $\frac{-7}{10}$
d) 1
iii) The solution of the equation $x-5=12$ is $\qquad$ .
a) 17
b) -17
c) 7
d) -7
iv) The solution of the equation is $\frac{x}{3}=24$ is $\qquad$ .
a) 8
b) 72
c) 21
d) 27
v) The sum of the exterior angles of a hexagon is $\qquad$ .
a) $180^{\circ}$
b) $540^{\circ}$
c) $270^{\circ}$
d) $360^{\circ}$
vi) The value of $x$ in the figure is $\qquad$
a) $110^{\circ}$
b) $95^{\circ}$
c) $90^{\circ}$
d) $120^{\circ}$

vii) When a die is thrown the probability of getting a number not greater than 5 is $\qquad$ .
a) $1 / 6$
b) $2 / 3$
c) $5 / 6$
d) $1 / 3$
viii) Among the following numbers, $\qquad$ is not a perfect square.
a) 7056
b) 6400
c) 5157
d) 3136
ix) The area of a square is 441 sq.cm, and then its side will be $\qquad$ cm .
a) 220.5 cm
b) 21 cm
c) 44.1 cm
d) 110 cm
x) The one's digit of the cube of 678923 will be $\qquad$ .
a) 7
b) 3
c) 9
d) 6

## SECTION-B

(Each question carries 2 marks)
2. Represent the numbers $\frac{-3}{4}, \frac{-1}{2}, \frac{-1}{4}, 0$, and -1 on a number line. (Only one number line to be made).
3. The cost of $2 \frac{1}{3}$ meters of cloth is Rs75 $\frac{1}{4}$. Find the cost of 1 metre cloth.
4. Solve the equation $\frac{x}{2}+\frac{x}{3}-\frac{x}{4}=7$
5. How many sides does a regular polygon have if the measure of each of its interior angle is $175^{\circ}$ ?
6. One of the angles of the parallelogram ABCD is $60^{\circ}$. Find the measures of the other angles of the parallelogram. Give reasons for the steps involved.

7. Find a Pythagorean triplet whose one member is 50 .
8. Find the smallest number by which 3645 must be divided so that we get a perfect square.
9. Find the smallest number by which 2560 must be divided so that the quotient is a perfect cube.

## SECTION-C

(Each question carries 3 marks)
10.Find the value using distributive property $\left\{\frac{7}{5} \times\left(\frac{-3}{12}\right)\right\}+\left\{\frac{7}{5} \times \frac{5}{12}\right\}$
11.The numerator of a fraction is 4 less than the denominator. If 1 is added to both its numerator and denominator the fraction becomes $1 / 2$. Find the original fraction.
12. In parallelogram HOPE, find the measures of angles $x, y$ and $z$. Give reasons for the steps involved.

13. Construct a quadrilateral $X Y Z W$ in which $X Y=5 \mathrm{~cm}, Y Z=6 \mathrm{~cm}, Z W=7 \mathrm{~cm}$, $\mathrm{WX}=3 \mathrm{~cm}$ and $\mathrm{XZ}=9 \mathrm{~cm}$.
14.Form a grouped frequency distribution table from the following data by taking 10-15, 15-20, etc as intervals.
$31,23,19,29,22,20,16,10,13,34,38,33,28,21,15,18,36,24,18,15,12,30$, $27,23,20,17,14,32,26,25,18,29,24,19,16,11,22,15,17,10$.
15.Find the square root of 27225 by prime factorization.

## SECTION-D

(Each question carries 4 marks)
16.A sum of Rs 800 is in the form of denominations of Rs 10 and Rs 20 . If the total number of notes is 50 , find the number of notes of each type.
17.Construct a quadrilateral ABCD , with $\mathrm{AB}=5.6 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{BC}=4.1 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{CD}=4.4 \mathrm{~cm}$, $\mathrm{AD}=3.3 \mathrm{~cm}$, and $\angle \mathrm{A}=75^{\circ}$.
18.The following is the distribution of weights (in kg ) of 50 persons. Draw a histogram to represent the data.

| Weight <br> (In Kg) | $50-55$ | $55-60$ | $60-65$ | $65-70$ | $70-75$ | $75-80$ | $80-85$ | $85-90$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. of <br> persons | 12 | 8 | 5 | 4 | 5 | 7 | 6 | 3 |

19.Find the cube root of 157464 by prime factorization method.

