INDIAN SCHOOL SOHAR FORMATIVE ASSESSMENT -- II **Sub: Social Science**

Max. Marks: 25 Time 45 Min

SECTION A (HISTORY AND CIVICS)

1.	[½ X6=3]				
	1.	The presiding officer of the Rajya Sabha is			
		A. Vice - president	C. Speaker		
		B. Prime Minister	D. President		
	2.	Members can raise questions of public interest during			
		A. Question hour	C. Zero hour		
		B. Adjournment Motion	D. Issue time		
	3.	3. The college to train the young recruits for civil service was established at			
		A. Hailey bury	C. Pune		
		B. Fort William	D. Washington D.C		
	4.	4. The Company's monopoly in Indian trade was abolished by			
		A. The Charter Act of 1831	C. The Charter Act of 1838		
		B. The Charter Act of 1835	D. The Charter Act of 1813		
	5.	The village policeman came to be called			
		A. Daroga	C. Tehsildar		
		B. Kotwal	D. Chowkidar		
	6.	The Lok Sabha can be dissolved earlier by the President on the advice of			
		A. Chief Minister	C. Chief Justice		
		B. Governor	D. Prime Minister		
2.	Ar	nswer briefly. (in two or three sentences)		[2 X 3= 6]	
	а.	What were the main features of the Charter Acts of	1833?	[]	
	b.	b. What is meant by impeachment?			
	c.				
2					
3.	Α	Answer in detail. (in four to five sentences) [4 X 1			
	a. Write a note on the stages involved in the making of a law.				
	OR What were the salient features of the Regulating Act of 1773?				

SECTION B (GEOGRAPHY)

1.	Choose the correct option.		$[\frac{1}{2} X 4 = 2]$	
	Heat energy obtained from the Earth is called			
	A. Nuclear Energy	C. Geothermal Energy		
	B. Wind Energy	D. Solar Energy		
2.	2. Silicon, an important mineral used in the computer industry is obtained from			
	A. Gold	C. Quartz		
	B. Copper	D. Manganese		
3.	Carbon is an/a			
	A. Organic mineral	C. Metallic mineral		
	B. Inorganic mineral	D. Ferrous mineral		
4.	The world's main source of gold is found in			
	A. Witwatersrand	C. Pennsylvania		
	B. Kalgoorlie	D. Kentucky		
. Ar	[2 X 3= 6]			

1. Answer briefly. (in two or three sentences)

- a. Mention one advantage and one disadvantage of tidal energy.
- b. What is mining? What are the different types of mining?
- c. Minerals need to be conserved for sustainable development. Give any two reasons.

2. Distinguish between (in two or three points)

- a. Metallic minerals and non metallic minerals.
- b. Conventional source of energy and non conventional source of energy

[2X 2 = 4]