

SET-2

INDIAN SCHOOL SOHAR  
FORMATIVE ASSESSMENT-4  
SOCIAL SCIENCE

CLASS: VIII  
Date: 30-01-2014

Marks: 25  
Time:45min.

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. All questions are compulsory.
2. This question paper consists of two section

SECTION – A  
(History & Civics)

(½ X 6 = 3)

I. Choose the correct option:

1. Who founded the Indian National Congress in 1885?  
A. Surendranath Banerjee    B. Dadabhai Naoroji    C. Allan Octavian Hume    D. Gopal Krishna Gokhale
2. What is Ilbert bill?  
A. forbid Indians from carrying arms  
B. sought to establish equality between European and Indian judges.  
C. forbade any provocative writing languages against the government.  
D. forbade Indians from holding meeting or take out processions
3. A person who actually sees the crime being committed is called the:  
A. prosecutor    B. witness    C. accused    D. defence lawyer
4. Who heads a thana?  
A. Inspector of Police    B. Deputy Superintendent of police  
C. Superintendent of police    D. Commissioner
5. When has an FIR to be lodged?  
A. after a person is arrested by the police  
B. after the court gives its verdict  
C. as soon as an offence is committed  
D. in the police station under whose jurisdiction the offence occurred
6. Which of these factors was not responsible for the growth of nationalism in India?  
A. The translation of Indian religious and secular literature by Western scholars  
B. Better means of transport and communication  
C. The establishment of British colonies in China  
D. Economic exploitation by the British

**II. Answer the following questions in briefly: (in two or three points each)**

**(2 X 3 = 6)**

1. Write a short note on the Swadeshi Movement.
2. Explain the policy of divide and rule followed by the British.
3. On the basis of what factors does the judge decide a case?

**III. Answer the following questions in detail. (in 4 to 5 points each)**

**(4 X 1 = 4)**

1. Who were the leaders in the Congress when it was started? What were its aims?

OR

What are the fundamental rights guaranteed by the constitution to all these arrest?

**SECTION – B  
(Geography )**

**I. Choose the correct answer:**

**(½ X 4 = 2)**

1. What is also know as the coarse grain?

A. millet

B. wheat

C. tea

D. rice

2. Which of these is not a typical features of Indian agriculture?

A. fragmentation and subdivision of land holdings

B. rural indebtedness

C. dependence on timely arrival of the monsoon

D. extensive methods of cultivation

3. What is the type of farming where a farmer cultivate crops for his own needs called:

A. commercial farming

B. subsistence farming

C. nomadic farming

D. dairy farming

4. Which of these are natural inputs of agriculture?

A. relief of the land

B. irrigation facilities

C. pesticides

D. machinery

**II. Answer the following question briefly (in two or three points each)**

**(2 X 3 = 6)**

1. Explain the climatic condition for production of Jute.
2. What is primary activities? Give example.

Explain dairy farming.

**IV. Answer the following questions in detail. (in 4 to 5 points each)**

**(4 X 1 = 4)**

1. Write a brief note on agriculture in India.

\*\*\*\*\*THE END\*\*\*\*\*