

INDIAN SCHOOL SOHAR

STD X

FORMATIVE ASSESSMENT II-2014

Marks: 20

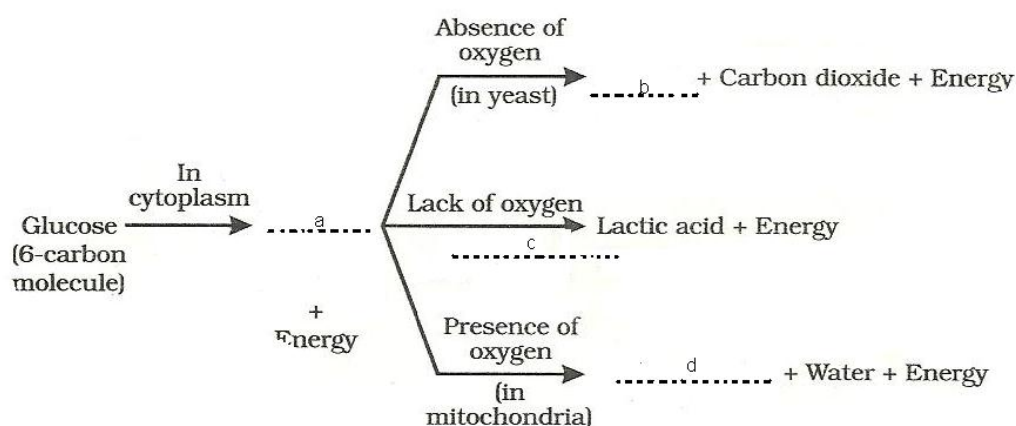
3.6.14

SCIENCE

Time : 40 mins

ANSWER THE FOLLOWING:-

1. A wire of length 'l' and resistance 'R' is stretched so that its length is doubled and area of cross section is halved. How will its resistivity change? Justify your answer.(1)
2. Why is Tungsten used for making filament of an electric bulb? (1)
3. Lungs always contain a residual volume of air. Justify. (1)
4. A yellow stain of turmeric is cleared with soap. What will you observe? What is the nature of soap?(1)
5. Equal lengths of magnesium ribbons are taken in test tubes A and B. Hydrochloric acid (HCl) is added to test tube A, while acetic acid (CH_3COOH) is added to test tube B. In which test tube will the fizzing occur more vigorously and why?(1)
- 6.(i) Complete the glucose breakdown pathways in respiration by filling the blanks. (2)



7. In the given reaction name the substance which is (i) oxidized, (ii) reduced, (iii) the oxidising agent and (iv) the reducing agent. (2)

$$3\text{MnO}_2 + 4\text{Al} \rightarrow 3\text{Mn} + 2\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$$
8. Resistance of three resistors are given as $R_1 = 10\Omega$, $R_2 = 20\Omega$ and $R_3 = 30\Omega$. Calculate the equivalent resistance when they are connected in series. Also calculate the current flowing when the combination is connected to a 6 V battery. (2)
9. Derive the relation for effective equivalent resistance, when resistances are connected in parallel? (3)
10. Dry hydrogen chloride gas does not turn blue litmus red whereas hydrochloric acid does. Describe an activity to prove this. (3)
11. Draw a neat diagram of the human alimentary canal. Label the following parts. (3)
 (a) small intestine (b) oesophagus (c) caecum (d) gall bladder.
