



**INDIAN SCHOOL SOHAR**  
**UNIT TEST 2014**  
**ECONOMICS**

**Date: -21.05.14**  
**STD. XI**

**Marks: 50**  
**Time: - 2hrs**

**General Instructions:-**

- 1) All questions in both the sections are compulsory.
- 2) Questions 1 - 2 and 9 - 10 are very short answers questions carrying 1 mark for each part. They are required to be answered in one sentence each.
- 3) Questions 3 to 5 and 11 - 13 are short answer questions carrying 3 marks each. Answer to them should not exceed 75 words each.
- 4) Questions 6 - 7 and 14 - 15 are also short answer questions of 4 marks each. Answer to them should not exceed 90 words each.
- 5) Questions 8 and 16 are long answer questions of 6 marks each. Answer to them should not exceed 150 words each.
- 6) Answer should be brief and to the point and word limits be adhered to as far as possible.
- 7) All parts of a question should be answered at one place.

**SECTION –A –STATISTICS FOR ECONOMICS**

1. Name the two most important sources of secondary data in India. [1]
2. Define consumption. [1]
3. Differentiate between schedule and questionnaire. What are the qualities of a good questionnaire? [3]
4. The average income of Firm A and Firm B is ₹350. There are 25 and 30 workers in Firm A and Firm B respectively. If average income of employees of Firm A is ₹300. Find out the average income of employees of Firm B. [3]
5. “All statistics are data, but all data are not statistics.” Explain the characteristics of statistics on the basis of this definition. [3]
6. Define sample method of collection of data. How is it different from the census method? [4]
7. If the arithmetic mean is 33, find out the missing frequency. [4]

<b>Marks</b>	0 - 10	10 - 20	20 - 30	30 - 40	40 - 50	50 - 60
<b>No. of students</b>	10	15	30	X	25	20

8. Calculate the median, the first quartile and third quartile of the following data. [6]

<b>Marks ( less than)</b>	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80
<b>No. of students</b>	12	26	40	58	80	110	138	150

**SECTION –B –INDIAN ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT**

9. Define occupational structure [1]
10. Define capitalism [1]
11. What were the positive contributions of British rule in India? [3]
12. What is Green Revolution? What impact did it leave on the Indian Economy during 1950 – 1990? [3]
13. Give a quantitative appraisal of India's demographic profile during the colonial period. [3]
14. Why was the public sector given a leading role in the industrial development during the planning period? [4]
15. Evaluate the inward looking trade policy of India during 1950 – 1990. [4]

**OR**

Indian agriculture on the eve of independence was termed as primitive and backward. What were the main causes behind it?

16. Define small scale industry. Explain the importance of small scale and cottage industries in the Indian economy. What are the main problems faced by the small-scale industries in India. [6]

**OR**

Define planning. Explain the objectives of planning adopted in the planning process in India.