

**INDIAN SCHOOL SOHAR**  
**UNIT TEST (2014-15)**  
**INFORMATICS PRACTICES (065)**

**Class: XII**

**Marks: 50**

**Date: 25 May, 2014**

**Time: 2 Hours**

**Instructions:**

*i) All questions are compulsory.*

*ii) Answer the questions after carefully reading the text.*

1. Answer the following questions:

- i) Explain the purpose of ROLLBACK and SAVEPOINT commands. 2
- ii) Briefly explain ACID properties of a Transaction. 2
- iii) What are composite primary keys? Why are they required? 2
- iv) Explain the CASCADE and NO ACTION referencing actions with ON DELETE clause. 2
- v) Differentiate between ON and USING clause of joining two tables. 2
- vi) Write short note on any two advantages of an RDBMS. 2
- vii) Name a: 2
  - a) Date function that returns a number 2
  - b) String function that returns a number 2

**Table:Coach**

Field	Data Type	Size	Constraint
ID	Int		Primary Key
CName	Varchar	20	Not Null
Age	Int		
Sports	Varchar	10	
DOA	Date		
Pay	Int		

ID	CName	Age	Sports	DOA	Pay
1	Pankaj	24	Karate	2010-10-10	4000
2	Shalini	21	Squash	2009-01-01	2000
3	Sanjay	22	Swimming	2009-12-12	3000
4	Sudha	25	Swimming	2008-01-07	1000
5	Govind	21	Karate	2008-10-05	3500

**Table:Trainee**

TNo	TName	TAge	ID	Fee
T001	Jugal	34	1	500
T002	Sharmila	31	1	200
T003	Sandeep	32	2	NULL
T004	Rakesh	42	3	200
T005	Shyam	50	4	NULL

2. Write SQL commands for the following on the basis of tables given above:

- i) Write command for creating the table Coach including its constraints. 2
- ii) Count number of trainees with each coach. 1
- iii) Find sum of pay of coaches of each sport. 1
- iv) Display No, Name and Fee of all trainees. If fee is not known, display "Free" in its place. 1
- v) Count number of trainees whose age is in the range 20-30. 1
- vi) Show minimum pay of each sport. 1
- vii) List details of trainees whose coach was appointed in 2008. 1
- viii) List the sport for which number of coaches is more than 1. 1
- ix) Count number of sports offered to the trainees. 1
- x) List details of coaches whose name does not start with 'S' or 'P'. 1
- xi) Show trainees whose age is same as that of 'Rakesh'. 1
- xii) Write a query to display position of 'A' in Coach name. 1
- xiii) List the trainees paying fee less than the average fee of all trainees. 1
- xiv) Add a new column Zone varchar(10) into Trainee table. 1
- xv) Increase fee of all swimming trainees by 50. 1

3. Find the errors (if any) in the following SQL commands, rewrite the corrected code and its O/P:
- i) Select Sign(-2)/5-5\*Sqrt(25)%30 as Result; 1
  - ii) Select Concat(Substr("Removing",-8,5),Right("SUPER",2)) as MyString; 1
  - iii) Select LCase("DAY", "Name") from dual; 1
  - iv) Select Trim(Both "S" from "TName") from Trainee; 1
  - v) Select Avg(Fee) from Trainee; 1

4. Find output of query no. (h): 2

Table: tbl

City	Amt	Rating
A	1000	10
B	2500	5
C	3500	7

- a) Insert into tbl values('D', 1000, 10);
- b) Savepoint s1;
- c) Delete from tbl where Rating=10;
- d) Update tbl set Amt=1200 where City='A';
- e) Rollback to s1;
- f) Insert into tbl values('E', 2000, 8);
- g) Rollback;
- h) Select \* from tbl;

5. Write queries to:
- i) Add a foreign key constraint FK on city of ChildCity table referring to city of MainCity table. 1
  - ii) Disable autocommit. 1
  - iii) Drop foreign key(FK) constraint from city column of ChildCity table. 1

6. i) Find errors from the following code segment and rewrite the corrected code underlining the corrections made: 2

```
int a=1, b=10;
for(a=5; a<=10; a++)
    b+=a;
j1.setText(b+ "\t" + a);
```

- ii) Write the output of following code: 2
- ```
float i=5, j=8; int k;
while(++i<j)
    k=(int) (i+5.5-j);
System.out.println(k);
```

- iii) Rewrite the following code using 'switch' statement: 2
- ```
if(a==10)
    b+=10;
else if(a==20)
    b+=5;
else
    b++;
System.out.print(b);
```

- iv) Find the value of 'c': 2
- ```
int p=1, c; float q=2; double r=3;
i) c=++p/q + r++%q++;
ii) c=p++/q + ++r%++q;
```

- v) How does the absence of 'default' clause affect 'switch' statement? 2

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