## General Instructions:

1.All questions are compulsory
2.Show your workings notes wherever necessary
3. All parts of question should be attempted at one place.

1. Is the bank reconciliation statement is prepared under double entry system?
2. Give an example of decrease in an asset and decrease in a liability.
3. What do you understand by Days of Grace?
4. Wages paid to a worker for making additions to machinery amounting to Rs. 5000 were debited wages account. Identify the type of error.
5. Cost of obtaining license to carry out business is Capital expenditure or Revenue expenditure?
6. What is the nature of Receipts and Payments Account?
7. In the trial balance of a trader the following position is shows as on March 31,2011.

| 1.Debtors | 40,000 |
| :--- | ---: |
| 2. Bad debts | 1,200 |
| 3.Provision for doubtful debts as on 1.4.2010 | 2,800 |

Further bad debts are Rs.1000.Provision for doubtful debts is to be maintained at $5 \%$ on
: debtors.Show how this will appear in the profit and loss account and balance sheet.
8. Give journal entries to the following transactions:

1) Bad debts of Rs. 5,000 were written off two years back. They have now been recovered.
2) Salaries of Rs.5,200 of one month were outstanding.
3) Goods worth Rs. 3,000 were used by the proprietor.
9. Distinguish between manual accounting and computerized accounting. (3 points)
10. Find out the closing stock from the following details:

| Sales | $3,00,000$ | Opening stock |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Purchases | $2,50,000$ | Wages(productive) | 25,000 |  |
| Carriage inwards | 3,500 | Rate of Gross profit on sales | $25 \%$ | 3 |

11. From the following information find out the amount to be taken to Income and Expenditure
account for the year ended 31 December 2010: account for the year ended 31 December 2010:
a) Salaries paid during 2010
$\begin{array}{lr}\text { b) Salaries outstanding on December, } 2009 & 30,000 \\ \text { c) Salaries prepaid in } 2009 \text { for } 2010 & 1,200 \\ \text { d) Salit } & 800\end{array}$ 800
d) Salaries prepaid in 2010 for 2011

1,600
e) Salaries outstanding on December 31, 2010
12. A machine was purchased on January 1, 2011 for Rs. 50,000 and spent Rs. 20,000 for the installation. Depreciation is provided at $10 \%$ p.a on straight line method. On $1^{\text {st }}$ October 1 , 2011 the machine was sold for Rs. 36,000 and the account was closed. Find out the amount of depreciation and the profit or loss on sale of Machine.
13. Prepare the Accounting Equation of Mr. Santhosh from the following transactions:
a) Santhosh started the business with
4,00,000
b) Bought a building
2,00,000
c) Salaries outstanding 26,000
d) Prepaid insurance 15,000
e) Borrowed from Bank 50,000
f) Interest due on loan but not paid
1,500
g) Rent received 15,000
h) Interest receivable accrued
6,000
14. On April 3,2011 the pass book of a merchant shows a credit balance of Rs.4,800. Prepare a Bank Reconciliation statement from the following information:
a) Cheques for Rs.12,000 were deposited in the bank on March 29, but cheques for Rs.6,800 were cleared in April.
b) On March 23, cheques for 9,800 were issued. Out of these cheques for Rs. 1,500 were presented in March and the remaining were not presented at all.
c) Interest of Rs. 1,800 collected by bank in March does not entered in cash book.
d) A bill receivable of Rs. 3,200 discounted from the bank, has been dishonoured. On due date there is no intimation from the bank.
e) The bank has debited Rs.2,000 and credited Rs. 1,200 in pass book. These entries do not appear in cash book.
15. Record the following transactions into proper subsidiary books, of Bombay Selections:

2011 Aug 2 sold goods to Mehta sons Invoice No. 3112
4 coats@Rs. 5000 each
6 Ladies suits @ Rs.1,000 each
August 5 sold goods to Mohan \&Co, Invoice. 3113
6 Kids suits@ Rs1,600 each
4 Gents shirts @ Rs.800each
Less $15 \%$ trade discount
April 6 Purchased furniture from Godrej on credit Rs. 15,000
April 12 Goods purchased on credit from Janata Stores Bill no. 1351
15 pant pieces @ Rs. 800 each
20 trousers @ Rs. 500 each and
10 shirt pieces @ 450 each
April 15 goods purchased on credit from Golden fabrics Bill no. 410 10 woollen suits @ Rs. 2000 each and 12 cotton Sarees @Rs.1,200 each Less $10 \%$ trade discount,
April 25 Goods returned to Golden fabrics Debit not No. 113
2 cotton Sarees @ Rs.1,200 each
16. Identify the accounting concepts from the following information:
a) At present market price of the fixed assets of the company is very high as compared to the book value. Under which concept the assets are recorded?
b) At the end of the accounting period factory rent of the company is outstanding for Rs. 10,000 . Under which concept outstanding rent is recorded?
c)'Closing stock is valued at lower of cost or market price' Which concept is applied here?
d) Under which accounting concept the advance received is recorded as 'Advance against sale' and not sales
17. Distinguish between Fixed Assets and Current assets. (Any four differences)
18. (a) On $1^{\text {st }}$ April 2010, following balance appeared in the books of M/S Krishna Traders: $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Furniture account } & 50,000\end{array}$
Provision for Depreciation of furniture account 22,000
On $1^{\text {st }}$ October, 2010 a part of Furniture purchased for 20,000 on $1^{\text {st }}$ April, 2006 was sold for Rs.5000. On the same date a new furniture costing Rs. 25,000 was purchased. The depreciation was provided @ $10 \%$ P.A on original cost of the asset and no depreciation wascharged on the asset in the year of sale. Prepare "Furniture Account and Provision for Depreciation accountfor the year ending $31^{\text {st }}$ March 2011.
(b) Give the disadvantages of straight line method of depreciation.(four points) $\quad 2$
19. The trial balance of Mr.Dutt shows a excess credit of Rs.4,930. The difference has been posted to the suspense account. Rectify the following errors and prepare the suspense account in the books of Mr.Dutt

1) Goods amounting to Rs. 100 had been returned by a customer and were taken into stock but no entry in respect thereof was made in the books.
2) The total of return inwards Book for December had been cast by 1000 short
3) The purchased of an office table costing Rs. 3000 had been passed through the purchases day book.
4) Rs. 3750 paid for wages to workmen for making showcases had been charged to the wages account.
5) A purchase of 670 had been posted to the creditors' account as Rs. 600
6) A cheque for Rs. 200 received from P.C.Joshi had been dishonored and was debited to the Printing and stationery account
7) Rs. 10,000 paid for the purchase of a motor cycle for Mr.Dutt had been charged to the Miscellaneous expenses account.
8) A sale of Rs. 2000 Singhi\&Co was wrongly credited to their account.
20. Prem owned Rs. 25,000 to Rakesh, He accepted bill for his amount drawn by Rakesh for three months on May 5,2011. Rakesh discounted the bill for Rs.24, 600 , just before the maturity of the bill. Prem approached Rakesh and requested him to renew the bill for two months. Rakesh agreed provided Prem paid Rs. 10,000 in cash and interest @ $12 \%$ for two months immediately and a new bill will be accepted for the balance for two months which Prem agreed. On October 8, 2011 just before maturity of the second bill, Prem became insolvent and only 40 Paise in a rupee were recovered from him. Give the journal entries in the books of Rakesh and the ledger account of Prem.
21. From the following transactions prepare a two column Cash book with cash and bank column of Ganga Ram.

| Date | Particulars | Amount |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Jan1 | Cash in Hand | 2,400 |
| Jan5 | Bank overdraft | 3,400 |
| Jan 8 | Cash sales | 4,100 |
| Jan 10 | Deposited into bank | 2,000 |
| Jan13 | Jim issued a cheque | 1,500 |
| Jan15 | Bought goods by cheque | 200 |
| Jan 17 | Purchased stationery for cash | 225 |
| Jan 19 | Jim cheque returned dishonoured with bank charges of Rs.50 | 2,500 |
| Jan 20 | Received a cheque from Janak | 680 |
| Jan 22 | Withdrew cash for office use | 1,500 |
| Jan 25 | Paid salary by cheque Rs.1,200 and rent in cash240 |  |
| Jan25 | Bought goods for cash |  |
| Jan 28 | Ramesh who owned us Rs.1,000 paid only 60 paise in the <br> rupee | 5 |
| Jan 28 | Received cash from Mangai | 5,800 |
| Jan 30 | Received refund of loan for Rs.8000 and deposited Rs. 6000 in |  |

22. Mr.X has maintained his books by single entry method. From the following details calculate the profit or loss.

| Particulars | $1^{\text {st }}$ Jan 2014 | $31^{\text {st }}$ Dec 2014 |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| Stock | 40,000 | 60,000 |
| Debtors | 30,000 | 40,000 |
| Cash | 2,000 | 1,000 |
| Bank | 10,000 | 5,000 (overdraft) |
| Creditors | 15,000 | 25,000 |
| Outstanding expenses | 5,000 | 8,000 |
| Furniture (cost) | 3,000 | 3,000 |
| Accrued interest | 2,000 | 5,000 |

The following adjustment were made:
a) Mr.X withdrew cash Rs. 2000 per month for private use
b) A provision of $5 \%$ on debtors is necessary.
c) Interest on capital charged @ $10 \%$ per annum.
d) He sold the personal asset and invested in the business Rs. 30,000 during the year.
e) Depreciation provided for furniture is $10 \%$ p.a.
23. Naina Sports Club gives the following Receipts and Payments account for the year ended December 31, 2010.
RECEIPTS AND PAYMENTS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DEC 31,2010

| Receipts | Amount | Payments | Amount |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| To Cash in hand | 650 | By Grassing Mowing machine | 4,000 |
| To cash at bank | 2,400 | By Ground men's fees | 2,500 |
| To subscriptions | 6,500 | By rent | 1,200 |
| To Rent of the Hall | 4,000 | By salaries to coaches | 6,000 |
| To Life membership fees | 2,000 | By office expenses | 2,400 |
| To Entrance fees | 1,200 | By sports Equipment purchased | 2,500 |
| To donations | 7,500 | By Cash in hand | 1,300 |
| To sale of grass,Plants | 700 | By Cash in bank | 5,050 |
| Total |  |  | 24,950 |

Additional information:

1. Subscriptions due on $31^{\text {st }}$ December, 2009 and on $31^{\text {st }}$ December 2010 were Rs. 1,200 and Rs. 1000 respectively.
2. Subscriptions received includes Rs. 200 subscriptions for the year 2011.
3. Sports equipment on hand on 31 December 2009 was Rs. 1,500 . The value place on this equipment on hand on $31^{\text {st }}$ December, 2010 was Rs. 1,600 .
4. The grass Mowing Machine was purchased on $1^{\text {st }}$ January 2010 and is to be depreciated @ $10 \%$ per annum.
5. Office expenses include Rs. 200 for 2009 and Rs. 400 are still due for 2010.

Prepare Income and expenditure account for the year ending 31-3-2010 and a balance sheet on that date.
(OR)
The following was the Receipts and payments account of Santhosh club for the year ended 31-12-2010.

| Receipts | Amount | Payments | Amount |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| To balance b/d |  | By salaries(including Rs.3600 | 18,600 |
| Cash | 1,000 | for 2009) |  |
| Bank | 2,600 | By sports equipment | 5,500 |
| To subscription |  | By furniture | 3,000 |
| 2009 | 2,250 | By addition to building | 25,000 |
| 2010 | 12,250 | By printing and stationery | 1,200 |
| 2011 | 900 | By diet expenses <br> To government grant | 40,000 |
| By Rent and Rates(Rs.250 for | 7,400 |  |  |
| Building | 2009) |  |  |
| Maintenance <br> To fees from players <br> To donations | 10,000 | By electricity charges | 1,400 |
| To net collections from |  |  |  |
| charity shows | 2,000 | By office expenses | 800 |
|  | 4,400 | By Investments 8\% Bonds | 10,000 |
|  | 13,000 | By balances | Cash |
| Total |  | Bank | 1,100 |

You are required to prepare Income and expenditure account and balance sheet after making the following adjustments:

1. Value of sports equipment on 31.12.2009 Rs.50,000
2. Buildings as on 1.1.2010

Rs.40,000
3. Subscription due as on 31.12.2009

Rs.3,250
4. Investments in $8 \%$ Bond were made on $1^{\text {st }}$ July 2010.
24. The following balances were extracted from the books of Modern Traders on $31^{\text {st }}$ March 2011.

| Debit | Amount | Credit | Amount |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: |
| Cash at bank | 49,000 | Bills payable | 5,500 |
| Sundry debtors | 29,200 | Loan @10\% p.a | 44,000 |
| Discount allowed | 1,300 | Return outwards | 960 |
| Office furniture | 5,500 | Capital | $2,28,800$ |
| Office expenses | 2,700 | Sales | $3,45,710$ |
| Salaries | 13,200 | Provision for bad debts | 1,000 |
| Purchases | $1,60,000$ | Sundry creditors | 4,000 |
| Freehold property | 56,600 |  |  |
| Plant and machinery | $1,99,000$ |  |  |
| Drawings | 13,200 |  |  |
| Cash in hand | 2,600 |  |  |
| Interest on loan | 1,100 |  |  |
| Factory lighting | 1,100 |  |  |
| Loose tools | 2,200 |  |  |
| Freight | 9,900 |  |  |
| Office rent | 2,800 |  |  |
| Bad debts | 600 |  |  |
| Gas and fuel | 2,970 |  |  |
| Insurance | 1,800 |  |  |
| Postage and telegram | 1,500 |  |  |
| Wages | 35,200 |  |  |
| Opening stock | 38,500 |  |  |
| Total | $6,29,970$ | Total |  |

The additional information is under

1. Closing stock is Rs. 8,000
2. Depreciation on plant and machinery, Furniture and Freehold property by $10 \%$.Loose Tools were Valued at Rs. 2000.
3. Sundry debtors Rs. 1,260 are bad.
4. A provision of $10 \%$ on sundry debtors for doubtful debts is to be created.
5. The manager is entitled a commission of $10 \%$ on net profit after charging such commission.

The following is the trial balance of Rani for the year ended 31-3-2014.

| Debit | Amount | Credit | Amount |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: |
| Drawings | 3,000 | Capital | $1,80,000$ |
| Stock | 9,200 | Bills Payable | 9,000 |
| Purchases | $1,64,500$ | Creditors | 42,000 |
| Sales returns | 2,000 | Discount received | 500 |
| Insurance Premium | 1,500 | Sales | $3,19,000$ |
| Excise duty paid on purchases | 10,000 | Bank overdraft | 3,000 |
| Packing expenses | 2,000 |  |  |
| Carriage outwards | 8,000 |  |  |
| Postage | 100 |  |  |
| Advertisement | 1,000 |  |  |
| Bad debts | 300 |  |  |
| Land and building | 90,000 |  |  |
| Plant and machinery | $1,70,000$ |  |  |
| Furniture | 1,000 |  |  |
| Debtors | 25,400 |  |  |
| Cash in hand | 500 |  |  |
| Cash at bank | 40,000 |  |  |
| Goodwill | 9,000 |  |  |
| Salaries and wages | 16,000 |  | $5,53,500$ |
| Total | $5,53,500$ | Total |  |

You are required to prepare Rani's Trading and Profit and Loss account for the year ended 31.3.2014 and his Balance sheet of as at that date of after taking into account the following Adjustments:

1. Closing stock was Rs. 20,000
2. Interest on Bank overdraft unpaid Rs. 225 .
3. Depreciated Land and building at $10 \%$, Plant and machinery $15 \%$.
4. Write off further bad debts of Rs. 500 and make a provision for doubtful debts at $5 \%$ on debtors.
5. A fire occurred on $25^{\text {th }}$ March 2014 in the godown and stock of the value of Rs. 15,000 was destroyed. It was insured and the insurance company admitted the claim in of Rs. 10,000 .
