Date: 20.9.2015 FIRST TERM EXAM ACCOUNTANCY

Max Marks:90 Time: $\mathbf{3}$ hours

General Instructions:

1. All questions are compulsory
2. Draw neat formats with pencil
3. Provide working notes wherever necessary
4. Write down the serial number of the question before attempting it
5. Attempt all the parts of a question at one place

Use of calculators or any other calculating device is not allowed.

1. What is an Account?
2. If one aspect of a transaction is not recorded, which accounting concept is not followed? $\mathbf{1}$
3. Give two examples for nominal account. 1
4. Kailas a dealer in computer hardware, has received an advance money of Rs. 50,000 for an order of 10 computers. If he maintains accrual basis of accounting should the amount be received be credited to the sales account or advance account.
5. What is Balancesheet?
6. Is the balance of petty cash book an asset or income?
7. Classify them into assets, liabilities, Expense and revenue.
1) Accrued income2) Patents 3) Goodwill 4) Outstanding expenses
2) Purchases 6) Dividend received

3
8. Ramesh's trial balance as on $31^{\text {st }}$ March 2015 contains the following information

| Particulars | Debit | Credit |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Investment(rate of interest $10 \%$ per annum) <br> Interest received | $5,00,000$ |  |

Show how the above items would appear in the profit and loss account and balance sheet.
3
9. Distinguish between Journal and Ledger.(any three points)

3
10. A trader paid salaries for Rs. 33,000 . The salaries for the month of March 2014 are yet to be paid. What necessary adjustments will be made while preparing final accounts?
11. Give the importance of accounting standards.
12. Give the advantages of subsidiary books.
13. The amount of sundry debtors in the trial balance is Rs. $1,20,000$

Provision for doubtful debts account Rs. 4,800
You are required to write off Rs. 5000 as bad debts add make a provision for doubtful debts account @ $10 \%$ on sundry debtors. Calculate the provision for doubtful debts and how it will be adjusted in the financial statements.
14. Journalise the following transactions in the books of Rahul
a. Interest on drawings Rs. 3000
b.Rent outstanding Rs.2,000.
c.Paid salary to Ajay Rs.40,000.
d.Purchased a building Rs.10,00,000 by taking a bank loan.
15. Prepare the Trading account from the following particulars for the year ended $31^{\text {st }}$ Dec 2014.

| Opening Stock | 25,000 | Purchases Returns | 2,200 |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: |
| Purchases | 70,000 | Sales Return | 3,600 |
| Sales | $1,80,000$ | Office Salaries | 1,500 |
| Wages | 20,600 | Gas,Fuel and Power | 6,000 |
| Carriage Inward | 3,400 | Depreciation | 800 |
| Carriage outward | 2,000 | Factory Lighting | 9,600 |
| Manufacturing expenses | 24,800 | Office Lighting | 500 |

16. Anand had cash sales of Rs. $3,90,000$ and credit sales or Rs. $1,60,000$. His expenses for the year were Rs.2,70,000.Out of which Rs. 80,000 is still to be paid. Find out Anand's income for the year
a) if he maintains cash basis of accounting
b) if he maintains accrual basis of accounting

4
17. Prepare an analytical petty cash book from the following details:

2011 Jan1 Received Rs.5,000 from the cashier
Jan1 Paid cartage Rs. 50

Jan1 Paid Taxi Hire Rs. 200
Jan2 Paid snacks and tea Rs. 65
Jan2 Paid for postage Rs. 50
Jan4 Paid for casual labour Rs. 200
Jan5 Paid for repairs Rs. 100
Jan6 Paid for bus fare Rs. 75
Jan7 Paid cartage Rs. 150
Jan8 Paid for stationery Rs. 125
Jan9 Paid for wages Rs. 500
Jan10 Paid for travelling expenses Rs. 100
Jan11 Paid for postage Rs. 165
18. What is accounting concept? Explain any five accounting concepts?
19.Record the following transactions in the ledger accounts of a) Mani account b) Balu account and c) Purchases account.

Jan1
Jan3
Jan2
Jan 5
Jan11
Jan15
Jan1
Jan1
Jan20
Jan22
Cash paid into bank
50,000

Jan2
20. Prepare double column (Cash and Bank) cash book from the following transactions of M/s Advance

Techonology Zone for the month of April 2014.
6

| Apr1 |  | Cash in hand | 14,000 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: |
|  |  | Bank overdraft | 13,200 |
| Apr | 4 | Wages paid | 1,400 |
| Apr | 5 | Cash sales | 17,000 |
| Apr | 7 | Purchased goods from Ravi for cash | 12,000 |
| Apr | 9 | Purchased furniture for cash | 10,000 |
| Apr | 10 | Cash paid to Rohit | 5,000 |
| Apr | 13 | Cash Sales | 4,500 |
| Apr | 16 | Bank charged interest on overdraft | 500 |
| Apr | 18 | Deposited into bank | 7,000 |
| Apr | 20 | Paid telephone bill by cheque | 600 |
| Apr | 25 | Sold goods for Rs.23,500 deposited into bank on the same day |  |
| Apr | 27 | Paid rent | 800 |
| Apr | 29 | Drew cash for personal use | 1,000 |
| Apr | 30 | Interest collected by bank | 2,500 |

21. A business man gives the following information of his business. You are required to record them in proper subsidiary books.

| Mar1 | Sold to Chandra light house: |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | 50 Tubelights @ Rs. 600 each |

20 Heaters @ Rs. 1200 each less trade discount 10\%
Mar5 Purchased from Charat Ram Electronic co
25 Table fans @Rs. 1600 each
20 Ceiling fans @ Rs. 1800 each
Mar10 Chaudhry \&sons purchased from us:
80 dozen bulbs@ Rs. 900 per dozen
Mar12 Purchased from Ram Lal\&sons one typewriter for Rs. 6000 on credit for office use
Mar16 Sri Ram \&sons sold to us
10 electronic irons Rs. 1800 each less $10 \%$ trade discount
Mar20 Chandra Light House returned
5 tube lights sold on March 1
Mar22 Sold goods to Jai Bhagwan\&co for cash Rs.10,000
Mar25 Returned to Sri Ram \&Sons 2 electronic Irons purchased on March16
Mar28 Sold to Modern Co
10 Refrigerators @ Rs.6,000 each
20 Washing machines @ Rs.17,000 each less trade discount 5\%
Mar30 Returned by Modern Co
2 refrigerator sold on march $28^{\text {th }}$
Mar31 Sold Machinery For Rs.12,000
22. (i) Distinguish between Cash discount and trade discount
(ii) Distinguish between double entry system and single entry system.
23. Following balances have been extracted from the trial balance of M/s Kesav Electronics Ltd. You are required to prepare the Trading profit and loss account and balance sheet as on $31^{\text {st }}$ December2010.

| Account Title | Amount | Account Title | Amount |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: |
| Debtors | 40,000 | Capital | $2,00,000$ |
| Interest on loan | 2,250 | Creditors | 25,000 |
| Stock | 20,000 | Loan on Mortgage | 30,000 |
| Motor vehicle | 50,000 | Discount | 1,800 |
| Cash at bank | 4,450 | Sales | $4,80,000$ |
| Investments | 16,000 | Purchases returns | 10,000 |
| Wages | 18,000 | Outstanding salaries | 600 |
| Land and building | $2,80,000$ | Bills payable | 5,400 |
| Bad debts | 1,500 |  |  |
| Purchases | $2,50,000$ |  |  |
| Sales returns | 12,000 |  |  |
| Carriage outward | 8,000 |  |  |
| Carriage inward | 6,500 |  |  |
| Salaries | 7,200 |  |  |
| Rent taxes and insurance | 15,000 |  |  |
| Advertising | 5,000 |  |  |
| General expenses | 6,400 |  |  |
| Bills Receivable | 7,500 |  |  |
| Prepaid insurance | 3,000 |  |  |
| Total | $7,52,800$ | Total |  |

The following additional information is available

1. Depreciate land and building at $2.5 \%$ and motor vehicles at $20 \%$.
2. Interest on mortgage at $15 \%$ is unpaid for six months.
3. The proprietor withdrew Rs. 2000 for his private use. This amount was included in the general expenses.
4. Interest on investments is receivable for full year at $10 \%$.
5. The manager is entitled to a commission @ $10 \%$ on net profits before charging such commission.
6. Stock in hand on $31^{\text {st }}$ December 2010 was valued at Rs.22,000
(OR)

From the following ledger balances of Mr.Singh, prepare the Trading,Profit and Loss account and the balance sheet for the year ended $31^{\text {st }} \mathrm{Dec} 2014$.

| Particulars | Amount | Particulars | Amount |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: |
| Opening stock | 15,500 | Capital | 90,000 |
| Land and buildings | 35,000 | Sundry Creditors | 9,600 |
| Machinery | 50,000 | Purchase Returns | 2,100 |
| Furniture and fittings | 5,000 | Sundry income | 1,200 |
| Purchases | $1,06,000$ | Provision for bad debts | 300 |
| Salaries | 11,000 | Sales | $2.07,000$ |
| Insurance | 2,500 |  |  |
| Rent | 3,000 |  |  |
| Postage and telegrams | 1,400 |  |  |
| Stationery | 1,300 |  |  |
| Wages | 26,000 |  |  |
| Freight on purchases | 2,800 |  |  |
| Carriage on sales | 4,000 |  |  |
| Repairs | 4,500 |  |  |
| Sundry debtors | 30,000 |  |  |
| Bad debts | 600 |  |  |
| Cash in hand | 100 |  |  |
| Cash at bank | 6,400 |  |  |
| Sales Returns | 5,100 |  |  |
| Total | $3,10,200$ | Total |  |

1. Wages outstanding Rs.2,100
2. Annual insurance premium of Rs. 600 paid for the year ending $31^{\text {st }}$ March 2015.
3. Depreciate land and building $2 \%$, machinery $10 \%$ Furniture by $15 \%$.
4. Stock on $31^{\text {st }}$ Dec 2014 is Rs. 14,900
5. Write off Rs. 500 for bad debts. Provision of $5 \%$ on debtors for bad debts is required.
6. A fire occurred on $1^{\text {st }}$ November destroying goods costing Rs.2,000. The insurance company admitted a claim of Rs. 1000 .
24) Record the following transactions in the Journal of Sundar.

2014
Jan1 Sundar started business with cash Rs.75,000, Goods Rs.30,000, machinery Rs.50,000 furniture R.10,000 and Building Rs.5,00,000
Jan2 sold goods to Bhusan of the List price of Rs.10,000 at trade discount of $10 \%$
Jan5 Bhusan returned goods worth Rs.1,000
Jan10 Received from Bhusan Rs.8,000 in full settlement of his account
Jan12 purchased furniture Rs.6,000
Purchased goods from Navin for Rs.25,000 less trade discount $10 \%$
Jan15 Returned goods to Navin Rs.2,000
Jan 16 Paid to Navin Rs.20,000 in full settlement of his account
Jan17 Sold goods to Ajay Rs.10,000 and Vijay Rs.16,000
Jan20 Paid insurance premium Rs. 750
Jan21 Received from Ajay Rs. 9,800 in full settlement of his account
Jan24 Paid rent Rs.8,000, Advertisement Rs.1,000
Jan25 Purchased a machinery Rs. 8000
Jan26 With drew Rs. 5000 from the business by Sundar
Jan27 Opened a bank account in Indian Bank Rs.50,000.
Jan31 Received commission Rs. 500

## (OR)

Prepare a Three Column Cash book with Cash bank and Discount columns from the following details:
2014 June 1 Commenced business with cash 1,00,000
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { June } 2 & \text { opened a current account and deposited }\end{array} \quad 80,000$
June 3 Further capital introduced 50,000
3 Deposited into bank 40,000
June 3 Purchased goods from Gopal on credit 50,000
June 4 Paid to Gopal by cheque 36,000
Discount received 500
June 5 Received from Sudesh and deposited into the bank on June 7 ${ }^{\text {th }} \quad 12,500$
June 8 Cash Received from Ram 7,230
Discount allowed 270
June 11 commission paid to agent 650
June 15 office furniture purchased in cash from Modern furniture house 12,000
June 16 Paid for rent 550
June 18 Drew cheque for personal use 2,000
June19 Received from Ghanshyman cheque for Rs. 5000 (immediately deposited into the bank) and
Rs.3,600 cash
June 25 Withdrew from bank for office use 10,000
June 26 Goods sold to Mohan on credit 1,000
June28 Received cash from Mohan 500
June30 Paid salary by cheque 8,000

