



**INDIAN SCHOOL SOHAR**  
**TERM – I EXAM (2017-18)**  
**SUBJECT – COMPUTER SCIENCE**  
**CLASS – IV**  
**SET -A**

**Date of Exam:12-09-2017**

**Time Allotted:30 Minutes**

**Max. Marks: 10**

( Note: This question paper consists of 2 printed pages. Please check that you have all the pages.)

**Name:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Roll No.:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Section:** \_\_\_\_\_

**GR No:** \_\_\_\_\_

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**Subject Teacher's Sign with date**

**Invigilator's Sign with date**  
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**I. Read the clues and name the machines:** (  $\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 2$  )

i) I was used in census \_\_\_\_\_

ii) I was the first counting machine. \_\_\_\_\_

iii) My principle is still used today in water meter and speedometer.  
\_\_\_\_\_

iv) The numbers were marked on rectangular rods. \_\_\_\_\_.

**II. Fill in the blanks.** (  $\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 2$  )

i) The PC-AT was introduced in the year \_\_\_\_\_ .

ii) \_\_\_\_\_ is the shortcut key used to save a document in Ms-Word.

iii) Backstage view is organized in \_\_\_\_\_ panels.

iv) The name of first Supercomputer was \_\_\_\_\_

**III. Match the following:**

( $\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 2$ )

**A**

1. Mainframe Computer
2. Analytical Engine
3. Tablet PC
4. Hybrid Computer

**B**

- ECG machine ( )
- Has a touch screen ( )
- Developed by IBM ( )
- Charles Babbage ( )

**IV. Answer the following:**

1. What is the full form of UNIVAC ? ( $\frac{1}{2}$ )

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2. Give one example of Digital computer. ( $\frac{1}{2}$ )

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3. Define Insertion Point ( $\frac{1}{2}$ )

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4. How did early man count ? ( $\frac{1}{2}$ )

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5. Write a short note on E-book reader. (1)

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6. What do you mean by Microcomputers ? Give an example. (1)

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