



**INDIAN SCHOOL SOHAR**  
**TERM – II EXAM (2017-18)**  
**SUBJECT – SOCIAL SCIENCE**  
**CLASS –V**  
**SET- A**

**Date of Exam: 11-03-18**

**Time Allotted: 2 hours**

**Max. Marks: 40**

(Note: This question paper consists of 2 printed pages. Please check that you have all the pages.)

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**I. Choose the correct answer : -**

( $\frac{1}{2} \times 5 = 2\frac{1}{2}$ )

1. Stethoscope was invented by ----- (Samuel Morse, Rene Laennec).
2. The most powerful organ of the UN is the ----- (Security Council, Secretariat).
3. Bal Gangadhar Tilak started a newspaper called ----- (Kesari, Vande Mataram).
4. Egypt, Yugoslavia and ----- (Russia, India) laid the foundation of the NAM.
5. The Battle of Plassey took place in ----- (1857, 1757).

**II. Match the following : -**

( $\frac{1}{2} \times 5 = 2\frac{1}{2}$ )

- |                             |   |          |
|-----------------------------|---|----------|
| 1. NAM                      | - | Paris    |
| 2. Indian National Congress | - | Belgrade |
| 3. UNESCO                   | - | Bombay   |
| 4. Vasco da Gama            | - | New York |
| 5. UNICEF                   | - | Calicut  |

**III. Fill in the blanks: -**

( $\frac{1}{2} \times 5 = 2\frac{1}{2}$ )

1. The main aim of FAO is -----.
2. X- rays were discovered by -----.
3. ----- is the largest democracy in the world.
4. The revolt of 1857 started at -----.
5. ----- discovered the vaccination for rabies.

**IV. Name the following : -**

( $\frac{1}{2} \times 5 = 2\frac{1}{2}$ )

1. The first woman president of the General Assembly of the United Nations.
2. The headquarter of the International Court of Justice.
3. A small case containing an explosive material for a rifle.
4. The first President of Indian National Congress
5. The first antibiotic discovered.

**V. Write the names of the UN agencies that will come for help in the following cases: -** (1/2 × 4=2)

1. To encourage research on agricultural matters.
2. To fight against diseases and epidemics.
3. To provide female education.
4. To preserve old monuments.

**VI. Write the full forms of the following : -** (1 × 2=2)

1. EEG
2. ECOSOC

**VII. Answer the following : -** (1 × 7=7)

1. What is vaccination? Who discovered the first vaccine?
2. Write the function of ILO.
3. Write the full form of NAM. When was it formed?
4. What do you mean by Doctrine of Lapse?
5. Why is the revolt of 1857 important to us?
6. Write any two reasons for the failure of the revolt of 1857.
7. What was the aim of the Indian National Congress?

**VIII. Define the following terms: -** (1 × 3=3)

1. Sati.
2. Apartheid.
3. Sterilisation.

**IX. Give reason for : -** (1½ × 2=3)

1. India did not join any military bloc.
2. The farmers of Bihar and Bengal were forced to grow indigo plants.

**X. Answer in detail: -** (2 × 5=10)

1. How has the FAO helped India?
2. Differentiate between moderates and extremists with an example each.
3. Write any four points about Swadeshi Movement.
4. Who invented chloroform? How does it help in surgery?
5. Write any four functions of UNICEF.

**XI. Mark the following places on a political map of India.** (1/2 × 6=3)

- |               |                |           |
|---------------|----------------|-----------|
| a) Meerut     | b) West Bengal | c) Surat  |
| d) Tamil Nadu | e) Calicut     | f) Punjab |