



INDIAN SCHOOL SOHAR
PERIODIC TEST 1 (2022-23)
SUBJECT: MATHEMATICS
CLASS V
SET A

Date of Exam:

Time Allotted: 40 Minutes

Max. Marks: 20

(Note: This question paper consists of 2 printed pages. Please check that you have all the pages.)

Subject Teacher's Sign with date

Invigilator's Sign with date

I Choose the Correct Options:

(1 × 8 = 8)

- 1) In 894, 563, 721, which digit is in the hundred thousands place?
a) 4 b) 3 c) 5 d) 9
- 2) Identify the period of the underlined digit in the number 89, 45, 85, 168
a) Ones b) Lakhs c) Tens d) Crore
- 3) 1 million = _____ hundred thousands
a) 10 b) 100 c) 10000 d) 1000
- 4) The Numeral of Seventy-six crore five lakh eight hundred thirty-one is
a) 76500813 b) 76005821 c) 76500831 d) 750500831
- 5) Which of the following is never repeated?
a) M b) V c) C d) I
- 6) The smallest 7-digit number in the Indian system is
a) 1,000,000 b) 10,00,000 c) 1,00,00,00 d) 99,99,999
- 7) The difference between ten lakh and one million is
a) 10.000 b) 0 c) 1000 d) 1,00,000
- 8) The face value of 7 in 87231590 is
a) crore b) seven c) seven crore d) ten lakh

II Do as directed:

(2 × 6 = 12)

1) Write the successor and predecessor of each number:

Number	Successor	Predecessor
a) 12,59,74,629		
b) 98,55,71,620		

2) Round each of the following numbers to the nearest 100s and 1000s

Number	Round off to 100s	Round off to 1000s
a) 7833209		
b) 8012893		

3) Find the sum of the place values of 5's in the number 6,58,53,259.

4) Reverse the digits and insert commas according to Indian and International Place value chart. Write the reversed number in words of both the place value systems.

Number: 895678698

5) a) Write the expanded form of 9,40,27,831

b) How many ten lakhs are there in ten crores?

6) a) Make the smallest and greatest 7-digit numbers using the digits 1,5,8,2,0,6,3 without repeating any digit.

b) Write the Roman Numerals of 1000, 99, 750 and 800.
