

INDIAN SCHOOL SOHAR PRE-BOARD EXAMINATION (2021 - 22) SCIENCE (086)

> MAX. MARKS: 40 TIME: 2 HOURS

## CLASS: X DATE:28.02.2022

## **General Instructions:**

i) All questions are compulsory.

- ii) The question paper has **three sections** and **15 questions**. All questions are compulsory.
- iii) Section-A has 7 questions of 2 marks each; Section-B has 6 questions of 3 marks each; and Section-C has 2 case based questions of 4 marks each.
- iv) Internal choices have been provided in some questions. A student has to attempt only **one** of the alternatives in such questions.

						SECTION	- A				
1.	a. W	hat is mea	ant by hom	nologo	us ser	ies of a carb	on comp	oound?			2
	b. W	rite the IU	JPAC name	e of the	e next	homologou	s of CH <sub>3</sub>	OH and (	CH <sub>2</sub> =CH <sub>2.</sub>		
2.	beer	-	n their corr	-						nd argon have presented by	2
		Group→ Period↓	1	2	13	14	15	16	17	18	
		2	А	В	C	Carbon	D	E	F	G	
		3	Sodium	Н		l			J	Argon	
	↓ i) ii) ii) ↓ Within the ovary the male nuclei then fuses with the female germ cell bringing about fertilization. b. Enumerate two post-fertilisation changes seen in a flower.										
4.						to three diffe			/.		2
5.	offsp	oring of $F_1$	generatio	n had a	all pur	ple flowers.	When F	1 genera	tion indivi	e flowers, the duals were nite flowers,	2

	a. What is the phenotypic ratio obtained in $F_2$ generation?	
	b. Why does the F <sub>1</sub> progeny in the above cross always bear purple flowers?	
	OR	
	'It is a matter of chance whether a couple will have a male or a female child'. Justify this statement with the help of a flowchart.	
6.	<ul> <li>a. What is a solenoid? Draw a sketch to show the magnetic field pattern produced by a current-carrying solenoid.</li> <li>b. Name the type of magnet with which the magnetic field pattern of a current-carrying solenoid resembles.</li> <li>c. What is the shape of field lines inside a current-carrying solenoid? What does the pattern of field lines inside a current-carrying solenoid indicate?</li> <li>OR</li> <li>Magnetic lines of force of two pairs of magnets are shown in figure A and B. Out of these two figures, which one represents the correct pattern of field lines. Name the poles of magnets facing each other.</li> </ul>	2
7.	Figure A     Figure B       Construct a food chain using the given organisms and answer the following question:	2
	Grass hopper, Snake, Frog, Grass, Hawk	
	To which of the two consumers, snake/frog, will more energy be available and Why?	
	<ul> <li>OR</li> <li>A lake inhabiting the following organisms-Small fish, zooplanktons, big fish, phytoplankton, and water birds was found contaminated with pesticides, as DDT was regularly sprayed to check mosquito growth for many years.</li> <li>a. Which one of the following organisms living in the lake will have maximum amount of pesticide and why? Name the process cited above.</li> <li>b. Zooplanktons are critical parts of a freshwater ecosystem. What would happen if zooplanktons were removed from the ecosystem?</li> </ul>	
	SECTION - B	
8.	<ul> <li>An element X (atomic number 17) reacts with an element Y (atomic number 20) to form a divalent halide.</li> <li>a. Where in the periodic table are elements X and Y placed?</li> <li>b. What will be the nature of the oxide of element Y? Identify the nature of bonding in the compound formed.</li> <li>c. Which among these is a metal? Why?</li> </ul>	3
9.	<ul> <li>a. State the reason, why carbon can neither form C<sup>4+</sup> cation nor C<sup>4-</sup> anion but forms covalent compounds?</li> <li>b. Write the structural formula of the following: <ul> <li>(i) Propanoic acid,</li> <li>(ii) Butanone</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	3

			OR			
	Some informa	tion about eleme	nts D, E, F, G and H	l is given in the tabular form	:	
	Element	Mass number	Atomic number	Electronic configuration		
	D	9	4	2,2		
	E	19	9	2,7		
	F	23	11	2,8,1		
	G	28	14	2,8,4		
	Н	40	18	2,8,8		
	a. Which	element can be d	lescribed as unread	tive and why?		
	b. Draw a	n electron dot di	agram of the moled	cule E <sub>2</sub> between E and E.		
				n bonds with other atoms of n with the element G.	the element.	
10.	where the: i) deve ii) fertil b. Surgical me	opment of egg ta ised egg gets imp thods are genera	akes place. planted. Ily advised for the r	e system and label the follow male and female partner as a rilisation procedure called in	a terminal	3
11.	a. Calculate th another poi	e work done in m int at 230 volts	-	4 coulombs from a point at 2		3
	i. State the typ	e of combination	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	$R_1$ $R_2$ rs in the circuit.		
	II. How much o		w through: (1) 10-o	ohm resistor and (2) 15-ohm	resistor?	
12	to the electric a. Draw a circu	supply at 220 V. Iit diagram to sho	220 V and the othe ow the connections from the electric su		ed in parallel	3
			nsumed by the two	b lamps together when they o	operate for	
	c. Calculate th				operate for	
	c. Calculate th one hour.	e total energy co resistance of a w bled.	nsumed by the two	amps together when they	operate for	

13.					
		ay is that, we will be adding ton arth will be a little hotter, the wa		•	3
	threadbare. To	oday people are increasingly awa	are about their impact	on ecological issues	
		letion, global warming etc.			
	a. How is ozo	ne formed in the stratosphere?			
	b. Damage to	the ozone layer is a cause of conc	cern. Justify.		
	c. As respons	ible citizens, mention two steps th	at you would take to lim	nit this damage?	
		SECTION			
		as 2 case-based questions (14 and		-	
	-	o and c). Parts a and b are compuls	ory. However, an intern	al choice has been	
	provided in pa				
14.		ed a pure breeding pea plants that			4
		seeds. In the $F_1$ all the plants were		ds and the following	
	combinations	of plants were obtained in the $F_2$ .			
		PLANTS	NUMBER		
	Та	all Plants, Round seeds	315		
	Та	all Plants, Wrinkled seeds	108		
	D	warf Plants, Round seeds	101		
	Dv	warf Plants, Wrinkled seeds	32		
	a. Write the ge	enotype of the $F_1$ progeny.		(1 Mark)	
	_		above cross.		
	b. Mention the	phenotypic ratios obtained in the		(1 Mark)	
	b. Mention the c. Analyse the	phenotypic ratios obtained in the result given in the table above usi	ng Mendel's Laws of inh	(1 Mark) eritance and	
	b. Mention the c. Analyse the	phenotypic ratios obtained in the	ng Mendel's Laws of inh explains these result	(1 Mark)	
	b. Mention the c. Analyse the describe the	phenotypic ratios obtained in the result given in the table above usi mechanism of inheritance which e	ng Mendel's Laws of inh explains these result	(1 Mark) eritance and (2 Marks)	
	b. Mention the c. Analyse the describe the	e phenotypic ratios obtained in the result given in the table above usi mechanism of inheritance which e OR ells make a single set of genes from	ng Mendel's Laws of inh explains these result	(1 Mark) eritance and (2 Marks)	
15.	<ul> <li>b. Mention the</li> <li>c. Analyse the</li> <li>describe the</li> <li>How do germ control</li> <li>cells in the body</li> <li>a. A coil is control</li> </ul>	e phenotypic ratios obtained in the result given in the table above usi mechanism of inheritance which e OR ells make a single set of genes from y have? nected to a galvanometer. When t	ng Mendel's Laws of inh explains these result n the normal two copies the N-pole of a magnet is	(1 Mark) eritance and (2 Marks) that all other s pushed into the	4
15.	<ul> <li>b. Mention the</li> <li>c. Analyse the</li> <li>describe the</li> <li>How do germ control</li> <li>cells in the body</li> <li>a. A coil is control</li> </ul>	e phenotypic ratios obtained in the result given in the table above usi mechanism of inheritance which e OR ells make a single set of genes from y have?	ng Mendel's Laws of inh explains these result n the normal two copies the N-pole of a magnet is	(1 Mark) eritance and (2 Marks) that all other s pushed into the	4
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15.	<ul> <li>b. Mention the c. Analyse the describe the</li> <li>How do germ control cells in the body</li> <li>a. A coil is control coil, the galw</li> <li>i. the N-pole</li> <li>ii. the S-pole</li> </ul>	e phenotypic ratios obtained in the result given in the table above usi mechanism of inheritance which e OR ells make a single set of genes from y have? nected to a galvanometer. When the vanometer deflected to the right. V Faradays Law of is removed? is inserted?	ng Mendel's Laws of inh explains these result in the normal two copies the N-pole of a magnet is What deflection, if any, i Induction	(1 Mark) eritance and (2 Marks) that all other s pushed into the s observed when:	4
15.	<ul> <li>b. Mention the c. Analyse the describe the</li> <li>How do germ ce cells in the body</li> <li>a. A coil is con coil, the galw</li> <li>i. the N-pole ii. the S-pole</li> <li>b. What does the the second se</li></ul>	e phenotypic ratios obtained in the result given in the table above usi mechanism of inheritance which e OR ells make a single set of genes from y have? nected to a galvanometer. When the vanometer deflected to the right. V Faradays Law of is removed? is inserted? the direction of thumb indicate in	ng Mendel's Laws of inh explains these result in the normal two copies the N-pole of a magnet is What deflection, if any, i Induction	(1 Mark) eritance and (2 Marks) that all other s pushed into the s observed when:	4
15.	<ul> <li>b. Mention the c. Analyse the describe the</li> <li>How do germ ce cells in the body</li> <li>a. A coil is con coil, the galw</li> <li>i. the N-pole ii. the S-pole</li> <li>b. What does the the second se</li></ul>	e phenotypic ratios obtained in the result given in the table above usi mechanism of inheritance which e OR ells make a single set of genes from y have? nected to a galvanometer. When the vanometer deflected to the right. V Faradays Law of is removed? is inserted? the direction of thumb indicate in rays of increasing the deflection on	ng Mendel's Laws of inhexplains these result in the normal two copies the N-pole of a magnet is What deflection, if any, i Induction the right-hand thumb run the galvanometer.	(1 Mark) eritance and (2 Marks) that all other s pushed into the s observed when:	4
15.	<ul> <li>b. Mention the c. Analyse the describe the describe the How do germ control of the body</li> <li>a. A coil is control of the coil, the galw</li> <li>i. the N-pole ii. the S-pole b. What does the c. State two we Explain the from the from</li></ul>	e phenotypic ratios obtained in the result given in the table above usi mechanism of inheritance which e OR ells make a single set of genes from y have? nected to a galvanometer. When the vanometer deflected to the right. V Faradays Law of is removed? is inserted? the direction of thumb indicate in	ng Mendel's Laws of inhexplains these result in the normal two copies the N-pole of a magnet is What deflection, if any, i Induction the right-hand thumb run the galvanometer.	(1 Mark) eritance and (2 Marks) that all other s pushed into the s observed when:	4

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